# **Event-activity dependent production of strange and non**strange charmed baryons in the enhanced colorreconnection scheme

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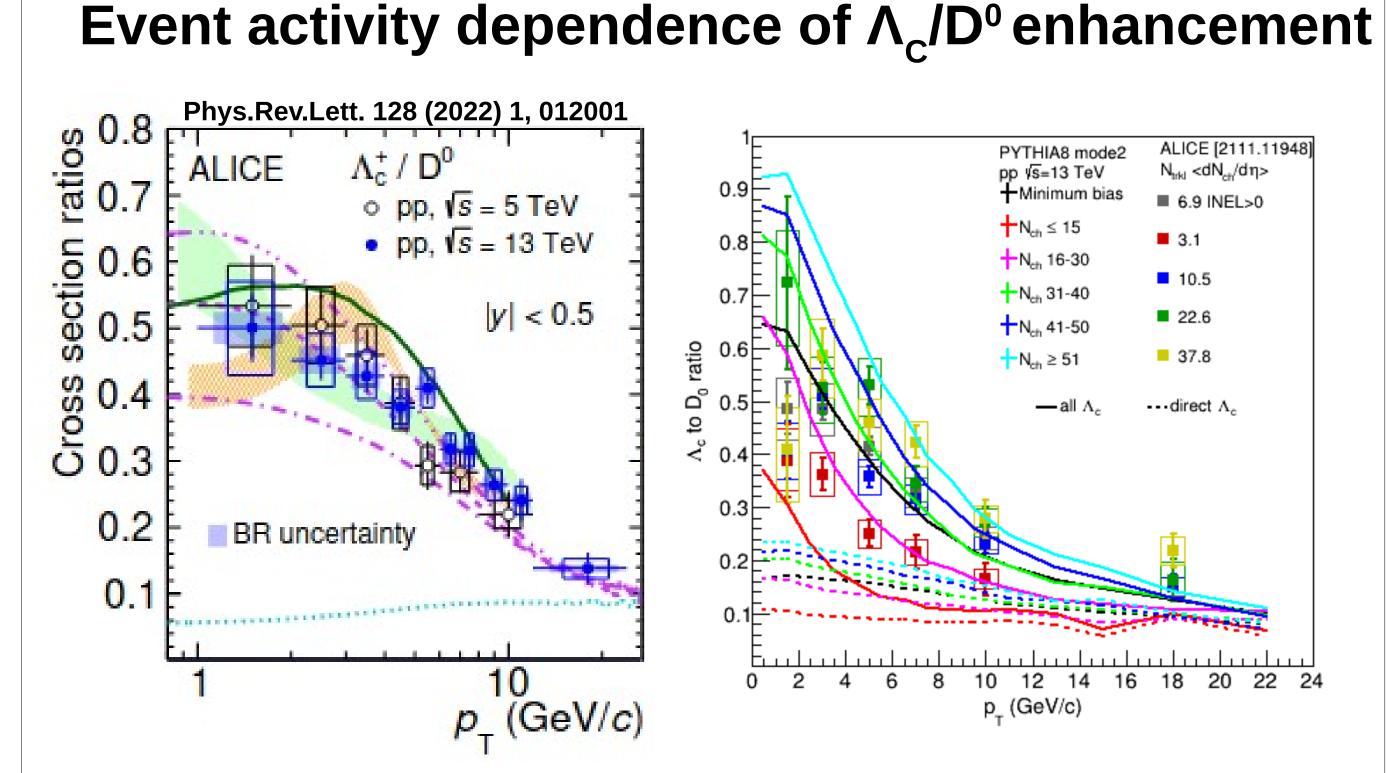
and  $\Lambda_{c}^{+}$ .

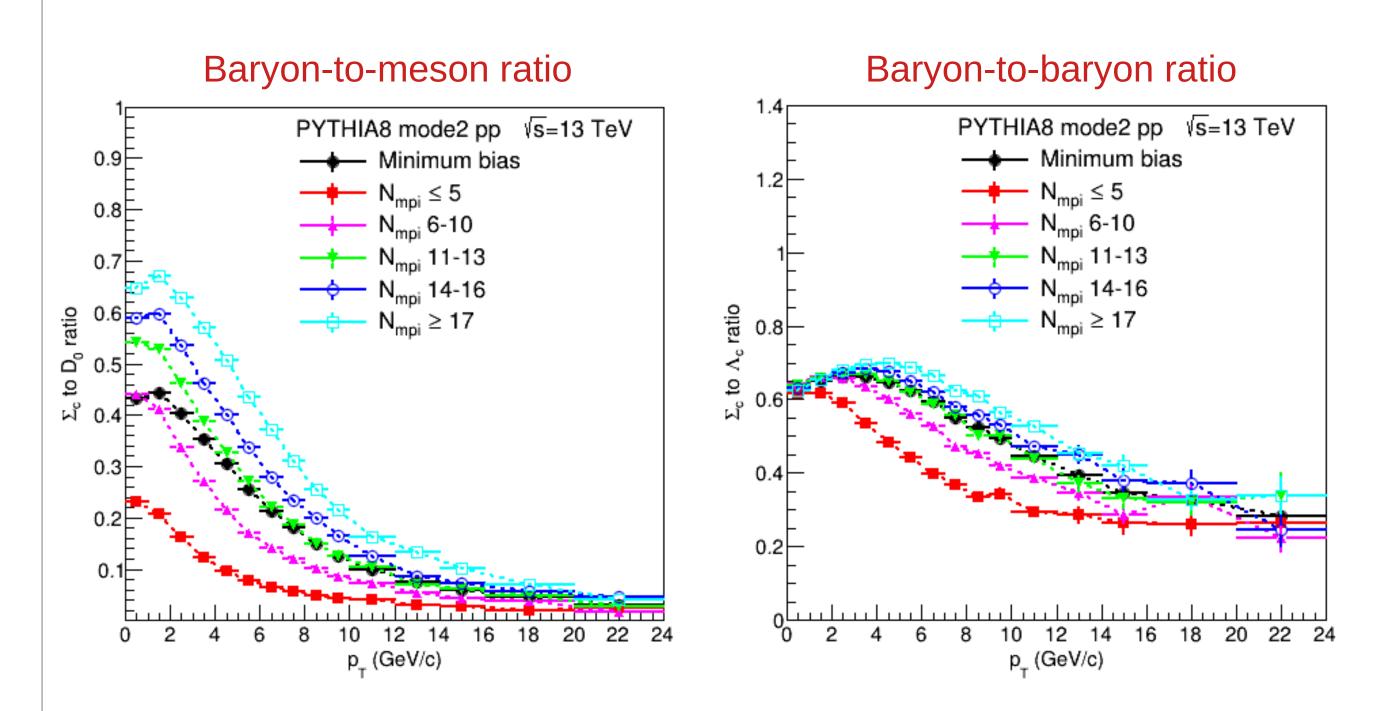
**Production of heavy-flavor baryons** 

• Heavy-flavor production is usually described with the factorization approach, where incoming hadron PDFs, hard parton-parton <u>scattering</u> and <u>fragmentation</u> are independent:

**Charmed-baryon enhancement in jetty and** isotropic events

- $d\sigma_{AB\to C}^{hard} = \sum_{a,b} f_{a/A}(x_a, Q^2) \otimes f_{b/B}(x_b, Q^2) \otimes d\sigma_{ab\to c}^{hard}(x_a, x_b, Q^2) \otimes D_{c\to C}(z, Q^2)$ Parton Distribution Function Partonic hard scattering Fragmentation Function (FF) (PDF) cross-section
- Traditional assumption: fragmentation functions are **universal** for different collision systems.
  - **FF** often determined from e+e- (or e-p) collisions, where **PDF** plays no (or less important) role.
- Recent experimental results (ALICE, CMS, LHCb) on charmedbaryon production **do not support** this assumption! [1]





- We studied the  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++}/D^{0}$  and  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++}/\Lambda_{C}^{+}$  ratio with several different event classifiers.
- Left panel: the  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++}/D^{0}$  ratio shows the same ordering as it is present in the  $\Lambda_{C}^{+}$  and  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++}$  decays.
- **Right panel:** Highlights the difference in the trends between  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++}$
- Significant enhancement in the  $\Lambda_{c}^{+}/D^{0}$  ratio in the low  $p_{\tau}$  (2-8 GeV/c)
- range compared to  $e^+e^-$  predictions [1]: **no universality!**
- PYTHIA Color-reconnection beyond leading color (CR-BLC)[2,3] describes the multiplicity dependence.
- Multiplicity dependence: connected to the event activity. Needs to be better understood!
- $p_{\tau}$  dependence may be sensitive to baryon type: trend differs for  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++} \rightarrow \Lambda_{C}^{+}$  although  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++}$  only **differs** from  $\Lambda_{C}^{+}$  in isospin.

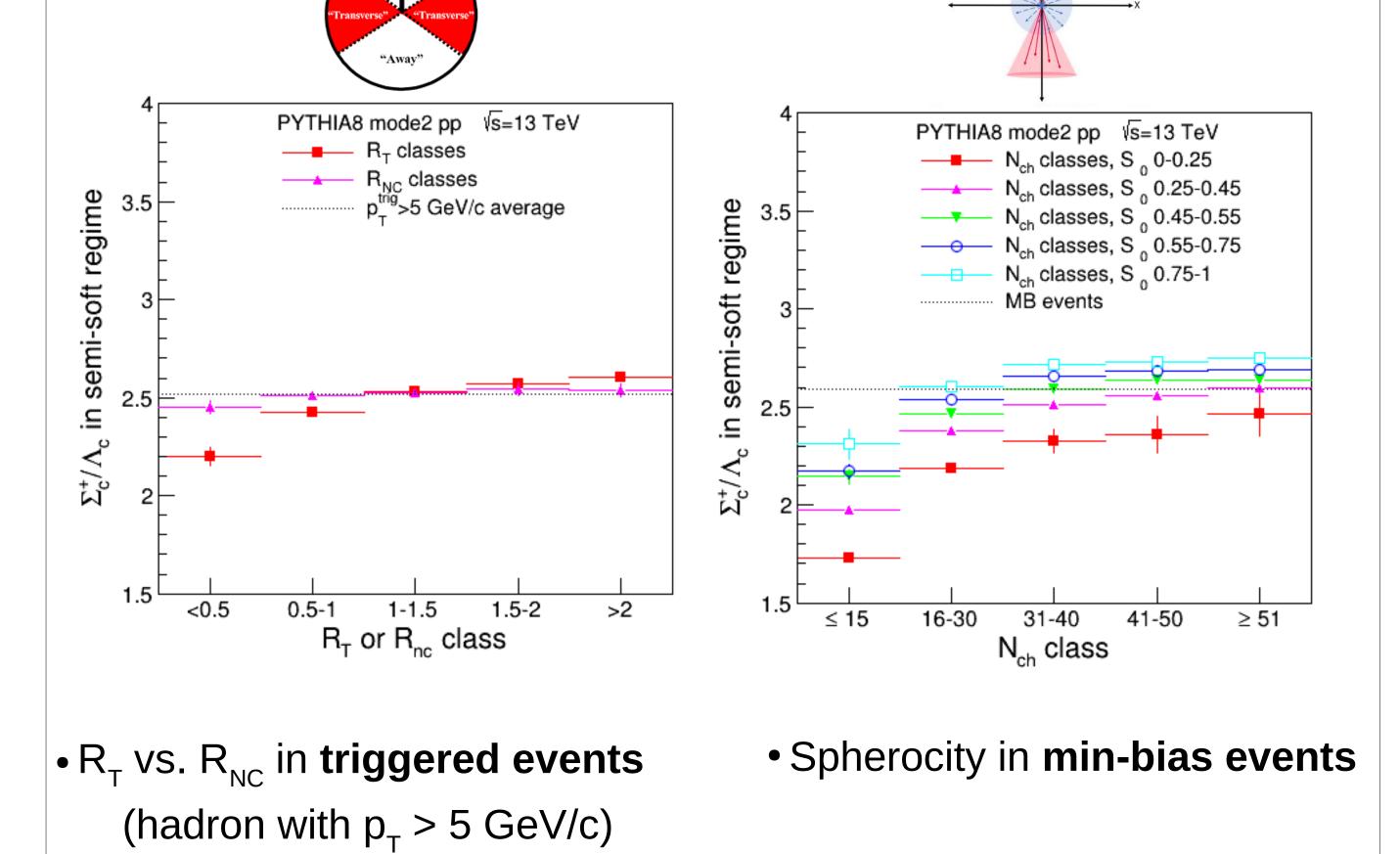
### **Classifying event based on jettyness and** underlying event activity

• Events with  $p_{\tau} > 5$  GeV/c trigger hadron:

- **R**<sub>T</sub>: underlying event (UE) activity classifier 
$$R_T = \frac{N_{CH}^{transverse}}{\langle N_{CH}^{transverse} \rangle} \frac{\pi}{3} < |\Delta \phi| < \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

- 
$$\mathbf{R}_{NC}$$
: jet region activity classifier  $R_{NC} = \frac{N_{CH}^{near-side cone}}{\langle N_{CH}^{near-side cone} \rangle} \sqrt{(\Delta \phi)^2 + (\Delta \eta)^2} < 0.5$ 

• **S**<sub>0</sub>: spherocity (how isotropic the event is)  $S_0 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} \times \min_{\hat{n} = (n_x, n_y, 0)} \left( \frac{\sum_{i \neq T_i} \times T_i}{\sum_{i \neq T_i} p_{T_i}} \right)$ 



•  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++}/D^{0}$  enhancement depends on UE activity, almost independent on activity within jet

•  $\Sigma_{C}^{0,+,++}/D^{0}$  enhancement is more prominent in spherical (UEdominated) than jetty events

etty ( $S_0 \rightarrow 0$ )

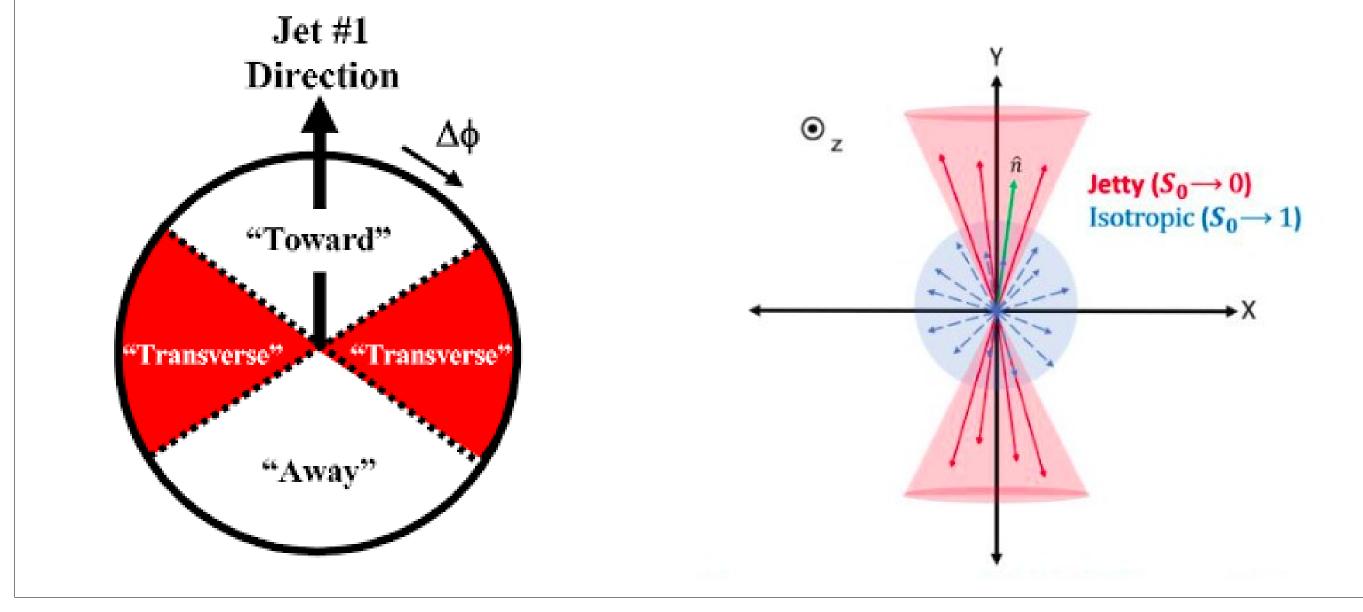
#### • CR-BLC model links the enhancement to the UE:

Discrimination power in data from the upcoming LHC Run 3!





 $(\Sigma_i | \overrightarrow{p}_{T_i} \times \hat{n} | )$ 



#### Summary

- $\Lambda_c^+/D^0$  and  $\Sigma_c^{0,+,++}/D^0$  ratios: **universality** of fragmentation functions is **broken**. Does the factorization approach work?
- **Discrimination power** of differential measurements that focus on event activity in the jet and/or the underlying event region.
- Measurements with different heavy-flavor baryons: more **constraints** on models. Explore the connection to strange-baryon enhancement.

[1] ALICE Coll., "Measurement of prompt D0, Lambda\_c+, and Sigma\_c $\{0,++\}(2455)$  production in pp collisions at sqrt(s) = 13\$ TeV", Phys.Rev.Lett. 128 (2022) 1, 012001 [2] Christiansen, J.R., Skands, P.Z. "String formation beyond leading colour", J. High Energ. Phys. 2015, 3 (2015) [3] T. Sjöstrand et al., "An introduction to PYTHIA 8.2", Comput. Phys. Commun. 191 (2015) 159-177

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